

Math:

progress or standing still

**Hans Hagen
ConTEXT Meeting
September 2013**

Math as script

Alphabets

Heavy bold

Radicals

Primes

Accents

Stackers

Fences

Directions

Structure

**Italic
correction**

Big

Macros

Unscripting

**Combining
fonts**

Tracing

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased from 10.5 million to 13.5 million, and the number of people aged 75 and over has increased from 4.5 million to 6.5 million (Office for National Statistics 2000).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the needs of older people, and the need to ensure that the health care system is able to meet the needs of older people. The Department of Health (2000) has published a strategy for older people, which sets out the government's commitment to older people and the need to ensure that the health care system is able to meet the needs of older people. The strategy is based on the following principles:

- Older people should be able to live independently and actively in their own homes.
- Older people should be able to access the services they need to live independently and actively in their own homes.
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The strategy is based on the following principles:

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased from 10.5 million to 13.5 million, and the number of people aged 75 and over has increased from 4.5 million to 6.5 million (Office for National Statistics 2000). The number of people aged 65 and over is projected to increase to 17.5 million by 2020, and the number of people aged 75 and over to 8.5 million (Office for National Statistics 2000).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the needs of older people, and the need to ensure that they are able to live independently and actively in their own homes. This has led to a number of initiatives, including the development of the 'Age-Friendly' environment (World Health Organization 2002) and the 'Age-Friendly' community (World Health Organization 2002). The 'Age-Friendly' environment is a community that is designed to be accessible and usable by older people, and the 'Age-Friendly' community is a community that is designed to be supportive and caring for older people.

The 'Age-Friendly' environment and the 'Age-Friendly' community are both important initiatives that can help to improve the lives of older people. However, there are a number of challenges that need to be addressed in order to make these initiatives successful. One of the main challenges is the need to ensure that older people are able to access the services and facilities that they need. This can be a challenge because many older people have limited mobility and may have difficulty using public transport or walking long distances.

Another challenge is the need to ensure that older people are able to afford the services and facilities that they need. This can be a challenge because many older people have limited income and may have difficulty paying for services and facilities. A third challenge is the need to ensure that older people are able to access the services and facilities that they need in a timely and effective manner. This can be a challenge because many older people have limited cognitive abilities and may have difficulty understanding and using services and facilities.

There are a number of ways in which these challenges can be addressed. One way is to provide more accessible and usable services and facilities. This can be done by providing more accessible public transport, by providing more accessible housing, and by providing more accessible services and facilities. Another way is to provide more financial support to older people. This can be done by providing more financial support to older people who are on low incomes, and by providing more financial support to older people who are unable to pay for services and facilities.

A third way is to provide more support and care to older people. This can be done by providing more support and care to older people who are unable to live independently, and by providing more support and care to older people who are unable to access services and facilities. There are a number of other ways in which these challenges can be addressed, and it is important to find the best way to address these challenges in each community.

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There is a growing awareness of the need to address the needs of older people, and the need to ensure that they are able to live independently and actively in their own homes. This has led to a number of initiatives, including the development of the National Framework for Older People (Department of Health 1999) and the National Strategy for Older People (Department of Health 2000). The National Framework for Older People sets out the government's commitment to older people, and the National Strategy for Older People sets out the government's strategy for addressing the needs of older people.

The National Framework for Older People and the National Strategy for Older People are both important documents that set out the government's commitment to older people. They provide a clear framework for the development of policies and services for older people, and they provide a clear focus for the work of the government and its agencies. They are both essential documents for anyone who is involved in the care of older people.

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the 1990s, the number of people aged 65 and over in the United States is projected to increase from 20 million to 35 million, and the number of people aged 75 and over from 10 million to 17 million (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 65 and over increases, the number of people aged 75 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 75 and over is projected to increase from 10 million in 1990 to 17 million in 2010, an increase of 70%. The number of people aged 85 and over is projected to increase from 2 million in 1990 to 5 million in 2010, an increase of 150% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 75 and over increases, the number of people aged 85 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 85 and over is projected to increase from 2 million in 1990 to 5 million in 2010, an increase of 150% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 85 and over increases, the number of people aged 95 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 95 and over is projected to increase from 0.5 million in 1990 to 1.5 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 95 and over increases, the number of people aged 100 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 100 and over is projected to increase from 0.1 million in 1990 to 0.3 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 100 and over increases, the number of people aged 105 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 105 and over is projected to increase from 0.02 million in 1990 to 0.06 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 105 and over increases, the number of people aged 110 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 110 and over is projected to increase from 0.002 million in 1990 to 0.006 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 110 and over increases, the number of people aged 115 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 115 and over is projected to increase from 0.0002 million in 1990 to 0.0006 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 115 and over increases, the number of people aged 120 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 120 and over is projected to increase from 0.00002 million in 1990 to 0.00006 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 120 and over increases, the number of people aged 125 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 125 and over is projected to increase from 0.000002 million in 1990 to 0.000006 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 125 and over increases, the number of people aged 130 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 130 and over is projected to increase from 0.0000002 million in 1990 to 0.0000006 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 130 and over increases, the number of people aged 135 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 135 and over is projected to increase from 0.00000002 million in 1990 to 0.00000006 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 135 and over increases, the number of people aged 140 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 140 and over is projected to increase from 0.000000002 million in 1990 to 0.000000006 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 140 and over increases, the number of people aged 145 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 145 and over is projected to increase from 0.0000000002 million in 1990 to 0.0000000006 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 145 and over increases, the number of people aged 150 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 150 and over is projected to increase from 0.00000000002 million in 1990 to 0.00000000006 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).

As the number of people aged 150 and over increases, the number of people aged 155 and over increases at a faster rate. The number of people aged 155 and over is projected to increase from 0.000000000002 million in 1990 to 0.000000000006 million in 2010, an increase of 200% (U.S. Census Bureau 1996).



FIG. 1. Monthly mean precipitation anomalies (mm day⁻¹) for the period 1979–2000. The contours are labeled with values such as 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0, 10.5, 11.0, 11.5, 12.0, 12.5, 13.0, 13.5, 14.0, 14.5, 15.0, 15.5, 16.0, 16.5, 17.0, 17.5, 18.0, 18.5, 19.0, 19.5, 20.0, 20.5, 21.0, 21.5, 22.0, 22.5, 23.0, 23.5, 24.0, 24.5, 25.0, 25.5, 26.0, 26.5, 27.0, 27.5, 28.0, 28.5, 29.0, 29.5, 30.0, 30.5, 31.0, 31.5, 32.0, 32.5, 33.0, 33.5, 34.0, 34.5, 35.0, 35.5, 36.0, 36.5, 37.0, 37.5, 38.0, 38.5, 39.0, 39.5, 40.0, 40.5, 41.0, 41.5, 42.0, 42.5, 43.0, 43.5, 44.0, 44.5, 45.0, 45.5, 46.0, 46.5, 47.0, 47.5, 48.0, 48.5, 49.0, 49.5, 50.0, 50.5, 51.0, 51.5, 52.0, 52.5, 53.0, 53.5, 54.0, 54.5, 55.0, 55.5, 56.0, 56.5, 57.0, 57.5, 58.0, 58.5, 59.0, 59.5, 60.0, 60.5, 61.0, 61.5, 62.0, 62.5, 63.0, 63.5, 64.0, 64.5, 65.0, 65.5, 66.0, 66.5, 67.0, 67.5, 68.0, 68.5, 69.0, 69.5, 70.0, 70.5, 71.0, 71.5, 72.0, 72.5, 73.0, 73.5, 74.0, 74.5, 75.0, 75.5, 76.0, 76.5, 77.0, 77.5, 78.0, 78.5, 79.0, 79.5, 80.0, 80.5, 81.0, 81.5, 82.0, 82.5, 83.0, 83.5, 84.0, 84.5, 85.0, 85.5, 86.0, 86.5, 87.0, 87.5, 88.0, 88.5, 89.0, 89.5, 90.0, 90.5, 91.0, 91.5, 92.0, 92.5, 93.0, 93.5, 94.0, 94.5, 95.0, 95.5, 96.0, 96.5, 97.0, 97.5, 98.0, 98.5, 99.0, 99.5, 100.0.



